# 2024 Personal Tax Credits Return

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Read page 2 before filling out this form. Your employer or payer will use this form to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

Fill out this form based on the best estimate of your circumstances.

TD1

If you do not fill out this form, your tax deductions will only include the basic personal amount, estimated by your employer or payer based on the income they Last name First name and initial(s) Date of birth (YYYY/MM/DD) Employee number Address Box 47 For non-residents only Postal code Social insurance number Country of permanent residence Pikanaikum Ontario 0 1 2 L 9910161915161214 1. Basic personal amount - Every resident of Canada can enter a basic personal amount of \$15,705. However, if your net income from all sources will be greater than \$173,205 and you enter \$15,705, you may have an amount owing on your income tax and benefit return at the end of the tax year. If your income from all sources will be greater than \$173,205 you have the option to calculate a partial claim. To do so, fill in the appropriate section of Form TD1-WS, Worksheet for the 2024 Personal Tax Credits Return, and enter 15,705 2. Canada caregiver amount for infirm children under age 18 - Only one parent may claim \$2,616 for each infirm child born in 2007 or later who lives with both parents throughout the year. If the child does not live with both parents throughout the year, the parent who has the right to claim the "Amount for an eligible dependant" on line 8 may also claim the Canada caregiver amount for 3. Age amount - If you will be 65 or older on December 31, 2024, and your net income for the year from all sources will be \$44,325 or less, enter \$8,790. You may enter a partial amount if your net income for the year will be between \$44,325 and \$102,925. To calculate a partial amount, fill out the line 3 section of Form TD1-WS. 4. Pension income amount - If you will receive regular pension payments from a pension plan or fund (not including Canada Pension Plan, Quebec Pension Plan, old age security, or guaranteed income supplement payments), enter whichever is less: \$2,000 or your estimated annual pension income. 5. Tuition (full-time and part-time) - Fill in this section if you are a student at a university or college, or an educational institution certified by Employment and Social Development Canada, and you will pay more than \$100 per institution in tuition fees. Enter the total tuition fees that you will pay if you are a full-time or part-time student. 6. Disability amount - If you will claim the disability amount on your income tax and benefit return by using Form T2201, Disability 7. Spouse or common-law partner amount - Enter the difference between the amount on line 1 (line 1 plus \$2,616 if your spouse or common-law partner is infirm) and your spouse's or common-law partner's estimated net income for the year if two of the following You are supporting your spouse or common-law partner who lives with you Your spouse or common-law partner's net income for the year will be less than the amount on line 1 (line 1 plus \$2,616 if your spouse or common-law partner is infirm) In all cases, go to line 9 if your spouse or common-law partner is infirm and has a net income for the year of \$28,041 or less. 8. Amount for an eligible dependant - Enter the difference between the amount on line 1 (line 1 plus \$2,616 if your eligible dependant is infirm) and your eligible dependant's estimated net income for the year if all of the following conditions apply: You do not have a spouse or common-law partner, or you have a spouse or common-law partner who does not live with you and who you are not supporting or being supported by You are supporting the dependant who is related to you and lives with you • The dependant's net income for the year will be less than the amount on line 1 (line 1 plus \$2,616 if your dependant is infirm and you cannot claim the Canada caregiver amount for infirm children under 18 years of age for this dependant) In all cases, go to line 9 if your dependant is 18 years or older, infirm, and has a net income for the year of \$28,041 or less. 9. Canada caregiver amount for eligible dependant or spouse or common-law partner – Fill out this section if, at any time in the year, you support an infirm eligible dependant (aged 18 or older) or an infirm spouse or common-law partner whose net income for the year will be \$28,041 or less. To calculate the amount you may enter here, fill out the line 9 section of Form TD1-WS. 10. Canada caregiver amount for dependant(s) age 18 or older - If, at any time in the year, you support an infirm dependant age 18 or older (other than the spouse or common-law partner or eligible dependant you claimed an amount for on line 9 or could have claimed an amount for if their net income were under \$15,705) whose net income for the year will be \$19,666 or less, enter \$8,375. You may enter a partial amount if their net income for the year will be between \$19,666 and \$28,041. To calculate a partial amount, fill out the line 10 section of Form TD1-WS. This worksheet may also be used to calculate your part of the amount if you are sharing it with another caregiver who supports the same dependant. You may claim this amount for more than one infirm dependant age 18 11. Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner – If your spouse or common-law partner will not use all of their age amount, pension income amount, tuition amount, or disability amount on their income tax and benefit return, enter the unused amount. 12. Amounts transferred from a dependant - If your dependant will not use all of their disability amount on their income tax and benefit return, enter the unused amount. If your or your spouse's or common-law partner's dependent child or grandchild will not use all of their tuition amount on their income tax and benefit return, enter the unused amount. 13. TOTAL CLAIM AMOUNT - Add lines 1 to 12. Your employer or payer will use this amount to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

		. Totaled B when comple
	Filling out Form TD1	
	Fill out this form <b>only</b> if any of the following apply:  • you have a new employer or payor, and you will receive the following apply:	
	<ul> <li>you have a new employer or payer, and you will receive salary, wages, commissions, pensions, employment insurance ber</li> </ul>	nefits,
	<ul> <li>you want to change the amounts you previously claimed (for example, the number of your eligible dependants has changed you want to claim the deduction for living in a prescribed zone</li> <li>you want to increase the amount of tax deducted at source</li> <li>Sign and date it, and give it to your employer or payer.</li> </ul>	1)
	More than one employer or payer at the same time	
	If you have more than one employer or payer at the same time and you have already claimed personal tax credit amounts or you cannot claim them again. If your total income from all sources will be more than the personal tax credits you claimed on this box, enter "0" on Line 13 and do not fill in Lines 2 to 12.	n another Form TD1 for 2024 another Form TD1, check
	Total income is less than the total claim amount	
	Tick this box if your total income for the year from <b>all</b> employers and payers will be <b>less</b> than your total claim amount on line will not deduct tax from your earnings.	13. Your employer or payer
	For non-resident only (Tick the box that applies to you.)	
	As a non-resident, will 90% or more of your world income be included in determining your taxable income earned in Canada in 20 Yes (Fill out the previous page.)	24?
	No (Enter "0" on line 13, and do not fill in lines 2 to 12 as you are not entitled to the personal tax credits.)	
(	zail the international tax and non-resident enquiries line at 1-800-959-8281 if you are unsure of your residency status	
	rovincial or territorial personal tax credits return	
W	You also have to fill out a provincial or territorial TD1 form if your claim amount on line 13 is more than \$15,000. Use the Form TD for your province or territory of <b>residence</b> if you are an employee. Use the Form TD1 for your province or territory of <b>residence</b> if you are a pension of the province	ner. Your employer or payer
P	our employer or payer will deduct provincial or territorial taxes after allowing the provincial or territorial basic personal amount if y	/ou are claiming the basic
	Note: You may be able to claim the child amount on Form TD1SK, 2024 Saskatchewan Personal Tax Credits Return if you are supporting children under 18 at any time during 2024. Therefore, you may want to fill out Form TD1SK even if you are only claim on this form.	
D	eduction for living in a prescribed zone	
Y m	ou may claim <b>any</b> of the following amounts if you live in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Yukon, or another prescribed <b>northe</b> on this in a row beginning or ending in 2024:  • \$11.00 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone  • \$22.00 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone if, during that time, you live in a dwelling that you maintain, and you are the only person living in that dwelling who is claiming this deduction mployees living in a prescribed <b>intermediate</b> zone may claim 50% of the total of the above amounts.  or more information, go to <b>canada.ca/taxes-northern-residents</b> .	rn zone for more than six
	dditional tax to be deducted	
Yo Cl by Fo	ou may want to have more tax deducted from each payment if you receive other income such as non-employment income from PP or QPP benefits, or old age security pension. You may have less tax to pay when you file your income tax and benefit return orm TD1 to change this deduction later.	\$ .
Re	eduction in tax deductions	
an	ou may ask to have less tax deducted at source if you are eligible for deductions or non-refundable tax credits that are not listed or riodic contributions to a registered retirement savings plan (RRSP), child care or employment expenses, charitable donations, are nounts carried forward from the previous year). To make this request, fill out Form T1213, Request to Reduce Tax Deductions at thority from your tax services office. Give the letter of authority to your employer or payer. You do not need a letter of authority if	d tuition and education
Fo	orms and publications	
То	get our forms and publications, go to canada.ca/cra-forms-publications or call 1-800-959-5525.	
Pers adm orei Jnde Com	onal information (including the SIN) is collected and used to administer or enforce the Income Tax Act and related programs and instering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be disclosed to other federal, provincial, gray government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in paying interest or pen the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of protection, access to and correction of their personal information, or to file a compla missioner of Canada regarding the handling of their personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 120 on rams and Information Holdings-at canada.ca/cra-information-about-programs.	territorial, aboriginal or
Ce	rtification	
I ce	ertify that the information given on this form is correct and complete.	
Sig	nature Date	2022 42 52
	It is a serious offence to make a false return.	2023-12-20



### 2024 Ontario Personal Tax Credits Return

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Read page 2 before filling out this form. Your employer or payer will use this form to determine the amount of your provincial tax deductions. Fill out this form based on the best estimate of your circumstances

Last name First name and initial(s) Date of birth (YYYY/MM/DD) Employee number 04 For non-residents only Postal code BOX 47 Social insurance number Country of permanent residence Kanai Kum 1. Basic personal amount – Every person employed in Ontario and every pensioner residing in Ontario can claim this amount. If you will have more than one employer or payer at the same time in 2024, see "More than one employer or payer at the same time" 12,399 2. Age amount - If you will be 65 or older on December 31, 2024, and your net income will be \$45,068 or less, enter \$6,054. You may enter a partial amount if your net income for the year will be between \$45,068 and \$85,428. To calculate a partial amount, fill out the line 2 section of Form TD10N-WS, Worksheet for the 2024 Ontario Personal Tax Credits Return. 3. Pension income amount - If you will receive regular pension payments from a pension plan or fund (not including Canada Pension Plan, Quebec Pension Plan, Old Age Security, or Guaranteed Income Supplement payments), enter whichever is less: \$1,714 or 4. Disability amount - If you will claim the disability amount on your income tax and benefit return by using Form T2201, Disability 5. Spouse or common-law partner amount - Enter \$10,528 if you are supporting your spouse or common-law partner and both of Your spouse or common-law partner lives with you Your spouse or common-law partner's net income for the year will be \$1,053 or less You may enter a partial amount if your spouse's or common-law partner's net income for the year will be between \$1,053 and \$11,581. To calculate a partial amount, fill out the line 5 section of Form TD1ON-WS. 6. Amount for an eligible dependant - Enter \$10,528 if you are supporting an eligible dependant and all of the following You do not have a spouse or common-law partner, or you have a spouse or common-law partner who does not live with you and who you are not supporting or being supported by The dependant is related to you and lives with you The dependant's net income for the year will be \$1,053 or less You may enter a partial amount if the eligible dependant's net income for the year will be between \$1,053 and \$11,581. To calculate a partial amount, fill out the line 6 section of Form TD10N-WS. 7. Ontario caregiver amount - You may claim this amount if you are supporting an eligible infirm dependant aged 18 or older: your child or your grandchild (or your spouse or common-law partner); your parent, grandparent, brother, sister, aunt, uncle, niece or nephew who is resident in Canada (or your spouse or common-law To calculate this amount, fill out the line 7 section of Form TD1ON-WS. 8. Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner - If your spouse or common-law partner will not use all of their age amount, pension income amount, or disability amount on their income tax and benefit return, enter the unused amount. 9. Amounts transferred from a dependant - If your dependant will not use all of their disability amount on their income tax and benefit return, enter the unused amount. 10. TOTAL CLAIM AMOUNT - Add lines 1 to 9. Your employer or payer will use this amount to determine the amount of your provincial tax deductions.

F	illina	out	Form	TD10N	ı

Fill out this form only if you are an employee working in Ontario or a pensioner residing in Ontario and any of the following apply:

- you have a new employer or payer, and you will receive salary, wages, commissions, pensions, employment insurance benefits, or any other
- you want to change the amounts you previously claimed (for example, the number of your eligible dependants has changed)
- you want to increase the amount of tax deducted at source

Sign and date it, and give it to your employer or payer.

If you do not fill out Form TD1ON, your employer or payer will deduct taxes after allowing the basic personal amount only.

# More than one employer or payer at the same time

If you have more than one employer or payer at the same time and you have already claimed personal tax credit amounts on another Form TD10N for 2024, you cannot claim them again. If your total income from all sources will be more than the personal tax credits you claimed on another Form TD10N, check this box, enter "0" on line 10 and do not fill in lines 2 to 9.

## Total income is less than the total claim amount

Tick this box if your total income for the year from all employers and payers will be less than your total claim amount on line 10. Your employer or payer will not deduct tax from your earnings.

#### Additional tax to be deducted

If you want to have more tax deducted at source, fill out section "Additional tax to be deducted" on the federal Form TD.

#### Reduction in tax deductions

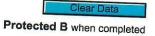
You may ask to have less tax deducted at source if you are eligible for deductions or non-refundable tax credits that are not listed on this form (for example, periodic contributions to a registered retirement savings plan (RRSP), child care or employment expenses, charitable donations, and tuition and education amounts carried forward from the previous year). To make this request, fill out Form T1213, Request to Reduce Tax Deductions at Source, to get a letter of authority from your tax services office. Give the letter of authority to your employer or payer. You do not need a letter of authority if your employer deducts

#### Forms and publications

To get our forms and publications, go to canada.ca/cra-forms-publications or call 1-800-959-5525.

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected and used to administer or enforce the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities including administering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be disclosed to other federal, provincial, territorial, aboriginal or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in paying interest or penalties, or in other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of protection, access to and correction of their personal information, or to file a complaint with the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of their personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 120 on Information about Programs and Information Holdings at canada.ca/cra-information-about-programs.

Certification		
I certify that the information given on this form is correct and complete.		
Signature It is a serious offence to make a false return.	Date	2023-12-20



# Determination of Exemption of an Indian's Employment Income

The CRA uses the term "Indian" as it has legal meaning under the Indian Act.

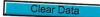
The term employee on this form refers only to an employee who is registered under the Indian Act.

Fill out this form if you think your income is tax exempt or partially tax exempt. Your employer will use your answers in part 1 to help determine the correct tax treatment of your income.

You and your employer should fill out this form, in addition to Form TD1. You must fill out these forms when you start a new job or if your employment situation changes and the employment income is exempt or partially exempt from tax under the Indian Act. For more information about employee and employer responsibilities, go to <a href="mailto:canada.ca/tax-filing-form-td1">canada.ca/tax-filing-form-td1</a>.

111 Are you registered and all the	
1.1 Are you registered under the Indian Act?	
Yes. Continue to Section 1.2.	
No. Do not use this form.	
For more information, go to canada.ca/indian-status.	
1.2 Are you a treaty beneficiary of a First Nation with a final or self-government agreement that end Indian Act?	ls the tax exemption under section 87 of the
Yes. Do not use this form.	
No. Continue to section 1.3.	
To confirm the effective date of the agreements and the expiry dates, go to canada.ca/tax-indicates	genous-end-dates.
1.3 Fill out your name and address. Continue to section 1.4.	
Last name (print)  Peters  First name and initials	Social insurance number
Address of principal place of residence including postal code BOX 47 PIKANGIKUM ONTAVIO POV 24	1
1.4 Do you live on a reserve? This means it is your principal place of residence and is the centre of	your daily routing
Yes No	your daily foutilie.
Employee Certification	
certify that the following information is correct and complete:	
l certify that the following information is correct and complete:  I am registered under the Indian Act	
<ul> <li>I certify that the following information is correct and complete:</li> <li>I am registered under the Indian Act</li> <li>I am not a treaty beneficiary of a First Nation with a final or self-government agreement that er section 87 of the Indian Act</li> </ul>	nds the tax exemption under

Part 2 – Employer information (to be filled out by the employer)	n comple
2.1 Fill out your name and business address. Continue to section 2.2.	-1-1-1-2
Name of employer (please print)  NISHOODE - ASK LESON SETUICES COOP LESON SETUICES  Business address including postellar in the setup of the setup o	
618 CITY RO, FOX William FN. OW	
2.2 Employment situation	
This section will help you determine whether your employee's employment income is fully or partially exempt or not exempt.  For more information on the tax exemption under section 87 of the Indian Act, go to canada.ca/taxes-guidelines-indigenous.	
Connections to the reserve:	
<ul> <li>If you are a resident on a reserve, this means the reserve is the place where the central management and control over the employer organization is actually located</li> </ul>	
See section 1.4 of part 1 to determine if your employee lives on a reserve	
What is the situation? (Tick one box only)	
Employee lives on a reserve and you are resident on a reserve. Continue to "Employer certification" because all of your	
Employee lives on a reserve and you are not resident on a reserve. Continue to section 2.3.	
Employee does not live on a reserve and you are resident on a reserve. Continue to section 2.4	
Employee does <b>not</b> live on a reserve and you are not resident on a reserve but your employee is required to perform duties on a reserve. Continue to section 2.5.	
If your employee does not meet one of the situations described above and you still think their income is fully or partially exempt, do <b>not</b> fill out this form. The employment situation may be uncommon. This may result in employment income being treated differently. For examples and to verify your employee's situation, go to <b>canada.ca/tax-indigenous-uncommon-situations</b> or call the CRA at <b>1-800-959-5525</b> .	
2.3 Employee lives on a reserve and employer is <b>not</b> resident on a reserve.	
What is the situation?	3 10 11 19
Employee performs more than 50% of their employment duties on a reserve. Continue to "Employer certification" because all of years employee's employment income is exempt from income tax.	your
Employee performs 50% or less of their employment duties on a reserve. Continue to section 2.6.	
4 Employee does <b>not</b> live on a reserve and employer is resident on a reserve.	
What is the situation? (Tick one box only)	
Employee performs more than 50% of their employment duties on a reserve. Continue to "Employer certification" because all of	
Employee performs 50% or less of their employment duties on a reserve. Continue to section 2.6.	
You are a band as defined under the Indian Act that has a reserve, or a tribal council representing one or more of those bands.  Your employee's duties of employment are in connection with your non-commercial activities carried on exclusively for the benefit income is exempt from income tax.	
You are an organization controlled by one or more bands as defined under the Indian Act that have reserves, or one or more tribal councils representing one or more of those bands, and the organization is dedicated exclusively to the social, cultural, educational, or economic development of Indians who for the most part live on reserves. Your employee's duties of employment are in reserves. Continue to "Employer certification" because all of your employee's employment income is exempt from income tax.	,



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2.5 Employee does not live on a recorn	Protected B when complete
2.5 Employee does <b>not</b> live on a reserve and employer is <b>not</b> resident on a reserve but the employee is required what is the situation?	red to perform duties on a recent
Employee performs at least 90% of their employment duties on a reserve. Continue to "Employer cert employee's employment income is exempt from income tax.  Employee performs less than 90% of their employment duties on a reserve. Continue to section 2.6.	ification" because all of your
2.6 Prorating exempt income	
The exemption may be prorated if your employee performed some of their duties on a reserve and those dincidental to duties they performed off a reserve. The exemption will apply <b>only</b> to the portion of the income employee performed on the reserve.  What is the percentage of the employment duties the employee is required to perform on a reserve?	uties are not merely e related to the duties your
Did the employee also fill out Form TD1	
Yes. Continue to "Employer certification."	
No. Ask the employee to fill out and give you Form TD1, and then continue to "Employer certification." For more information, go to canada.ca/tax-filing-form-td1.	
Employer certification	
I certify that the information given in part 2 of this form is correct and complete.  Signature	

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected and used to administer or enforce the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities including administering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be disclosed to other federal, provincial, territorial, aboriginal or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in paying interest or penalties, or in other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of protection, access to and correction of their personal information, or to file a complaint with the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of their personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 120 on Information about Programs and Information Holdings-at canada.ca/cra-information-about-programs.